

## Prep for Quiz 1

text

Our first quiz will be next Wednesday, September 1. There will *certainly* be problems very much like 1 and 2 on the quiz; the probability is 100%. It's very likely there will be something very like 3 and/or 4; maybe a little different. Maybe there will be something else.

1. **Definitions** There will certainly be some version of this problem. You should be able to write down the following definitions (which are all in our text) verbatim - *don't feel the need to put these in your own words!* You can generally assume that we are working with a function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .
  - a. *Orbit* of a point  $x_0$  under iteration of  $f$ .
  - b. *Fixed point* of  $f$ .
  - c. *Periodic point* and *periodic orbit* of  $f$ .
  - d. *Attractive*, *super-attractive*, *repelling*, and *neutral* fixed points of  $f$ .
  - e. *Attractive*, *super-attractive*, *repelling*, and *neutral* periodic orbits of  $f$ .
2. **Graphical Analysis** Refer to figure 1 on the next page.
  - a. Identify the fixed points on the figure and classify them as attractive or repulsive.
  - b. Perform graphical analysis starting from the green point. What is the fate of the orbit.
3. **Affine Iteration** Suppose that  $f$  has the form

$$f(x) = ax + b = a \left( x - \frac{b}{1-a} \right) + \frac{b}{1-a}$$

where  $a \neq 1$ .

- a. Find the fixed point of  $f$ .
  - b. Find a closed form expression for  $f^n(x)$ .
  - c. Specializing to the case where  $a = 2$  and  $b = -3$  so that  $f(x) = 2x - 3$ , find a simple expression for  $f^{10}(4)$ .
  - d. Use your closed form expression to explain why any orbit converges to the fixed point if  $|a| < 1$ .
4. **Variability of neutral orbits** Your mission in this problem is to find 4 functions that all have the origin as a neutral fixed point but with four different behaviors in a neighborhood of that fixed point. Specifically, find four functions  $f_1$ ,  $f_2$ ,  $f_3$ , and  $f_4$ , such that for each  $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$ , we have  $f_i(0) = 0$ ,  $f'_i(0) = 1$ , and
  - a. Points close to 0 move towards 0 under iteration of  $f_1$ ,
  - b. Points close to 0 move away from 0 under iteration of  $f_2$ ,
  - c. Negative points close to 0 move towards 0 under iteration of  $f_3$  but positive points close to 0 move away from 0 under iteration of  $f_3$
  - d. Positive points close to 0 move towards 0 under iteration of  $f_4$  but negative points close to 0 move away from 0 under iteration of  $f_4$ .

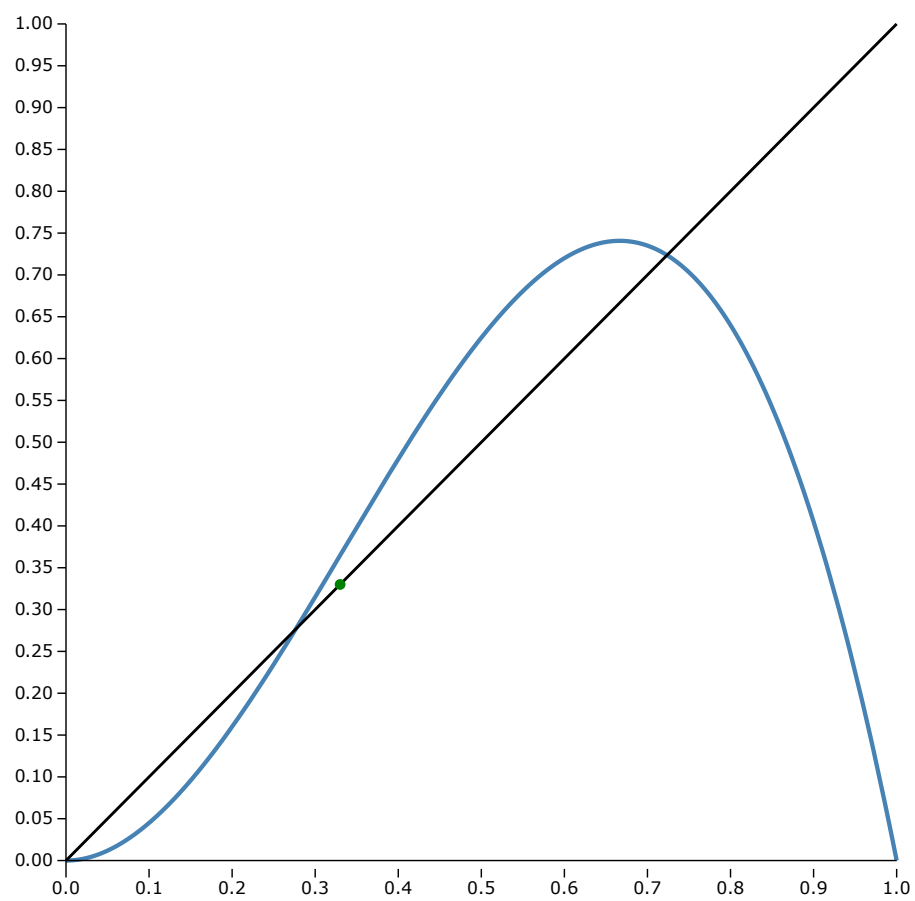


Figure 1: The graph for problem 2