Calc III - Review 3

Exam 3 will be this Friday, November 11. We will go over this problem sheet in class together on Wednesday but *please* be sure work it out to the best of your ability before hand.

- 1. Evaluate the following double integrals.
 - (a) $\int_0^2 \int_0^1 6x^2 y dx dy$
 - (b) $\iint_D x^2 dA$, where D is the region in the plane bound between $y = x^2$ and y = 4.
 - (c) $\int_0^1 \int_y^1 \sin(x^2) \, dx \, dy$
- 2. Let D denote the solid pyramid with vertices located at (5,0,0), (0,3,0), (0,0,2), and the origin. Set up an iterated integral to represent the volume of D.
- 3. Find the volume trapped under the graph of the function $f(x,y) = 9 (x^2 + y^2)$ and over the xy-plane.
- 4. Find the volume trapped under the graph of the function $f(x,y) = 9 (x^2 + 9y^2)$ and over the xy-plane.
- 5. Let R denote the region between $f(x,y) = 9 (x^2 + y^2)$. Evaluate

$$\iiint_R (x^2 + y^2) z \, dV.$$

- 6. Let R denote the top half of a sphere of radius 2. Set up the triple integral of the arbitrary function f in spherical coordinates.
- 7. Let D denote the three-dimensional domain above the cone $z=\sqrt{x^2+y^2}$ and inside the sphere $x^2+y^2+z^2\leq 4$. Evaluate

$$\iiint\limits_{D} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) \, dV.$$

- 8. Find the volume under the surface $f(x,y) = \cos(x^2 + y^2) + 1$ and over the disk $x^2 + y^2 \le 3\pi$.
- 9. Let P denote the parallelogram

$$\{(x,y): -1 \le 2x - y \le 2, \ -2 \le x + y \le 1\}.$$

Set up an iterated integral representing

$$\iint_{P} xy \, dA.$$

10. Let R denote the region

$$\{(x,y): 1 \le x^2 - y^2 \le 9, \ 2 \le xy \le 4\}.$$

Evaluate

$$\iint_R (x^2 + y^2) \, dA.$$

$$\mathit{Hint} \colon \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} = 1/\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}.$$

- 11. The graph of $f(x,y) = \sin(xy)$ is shown in figure 1.
 - (a) Evaluate $\int_{-2}^{2} \int_{-2}^{2} \sin(xy) dx dy.$
 - (b) Is $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \sin(xy) dx dy$ positive or negative?
- 12. A labeled contour plot for a function f is shown in figure 2. Estimate

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^3 f(x,y) \, dx \, dy.$$

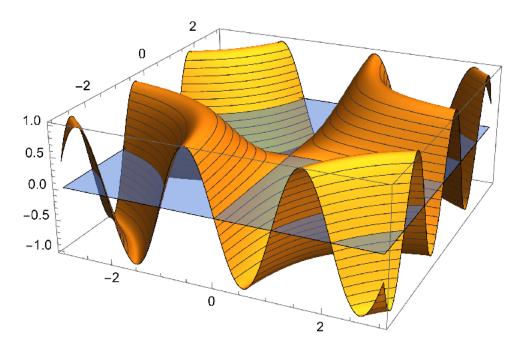


Figure 1: The graph of $f(x,y) = \sin(xy)$

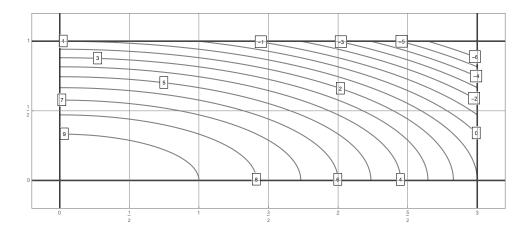


Figure 2: A labeled contour plot